

## Convoluzioni più significative

$$(1) \quad f(t), \ g(t) \quad (f * g)(t) = \int_{\mathbf{R}} f(s) g(t-s) ds = \int_{\mathbf{R}} g(s) f(t-s) ds$$

$$(2) \quad g_\alpha(t) = e^{-\alpha t^2}, \ \alpha > 0, \quad (g_\alpha * g_\beta)(t) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{\alpha + \beta}} e^{-\frac{\alpha\beta}{\alpha+\beta}t^2} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\sqrt{\alpha + \beta}} g_{\frac{\alpha\beta}{\alpha+\beta}}(t)$$

$$(3) \quad f_\alpha(t) = \frac{1}{\alpha^2 + t^2}, \ \alpha > 0, \quad (f_\alpha * f_\beta)(t) = \pi \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha\beta} \frac{1}{(\alpha + \beta)^2 + t^2} = \pi \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha\beta} f_{\alpha+\beta}(t)$$

$$(4) \quad f(t) = H \chi_{[-a,a]}, \ H \in \mathbf{R}, \ a > 0, \quad (f * f)(t) = H^2 (2a - |t|) \chi_{[-2a,2a]}(t)$$

$$(5) \quad f(t) = H(-t) e^{-\alpha|t|}, \ g(t) = H(t) e^{-\beta|t|}, \quad \alpha, \ \beta > 0,$$

$$(f * g)(t) = \frac{1}{\alpha + \beta} (H(-t) e^{-\alpha|t|} + H(t) e^{-\beta|t|}).$$